

JUDICIAL NOTICE: JS029587168GB.

Malfeasance, Misfeasance, Nonfeasance.

Opening Statements are by Congruence.

- 1. Question: What is Malfeasance?
- 1.1. 1st Answer: Evildoing by intention, turning creditors into debtors, malicious and vicious litigation, unfair conduct, specific to official misconduct by public servants.
- 1.2. **2nd Answer Courtesy of Etymonline.com:** wrongful conduct, the doing of that which ought not to be done, especially official misconduct, violation of a public trust or obligation, 1690s, from French malfaisance, wrongdoing, from malfaisant, from mal-badly, see mal-, faisant, present participle of faire, to do, from Latin facere, to do.
- 1.3. 3rd Answer Courtesy of Merriam-webster.com: wrongdoing or misconduct especially by a public official.
- 1.4. 4th Answer Courtesy of legal-dictionary.thefreedictionary.com, noun: intentionally doing something either legally or morally wrong which one had no right to do; It always involves dishonesty, illegality, or knowingly exceeding authority for improper reasons; Malfeasance is distinguished from Misfeasance, which is committing a wrong or error by mistake, negligence or inadvertence, but not by intentional wrongdoing.
- 1.5. Let us be very clear on this, Malfeasance is Intentional.
- 2. **Question:** Is this applicable for Private people and Private companies?
- 2.1. **Answer:** Living in the Private is a position of honour that openly states fair conduct, honouring of contracts, defending the rights of men and women, and stopping and correcting wrong doers, evil doers.
- 3. Question: Does this apply to Star-Chambers, Courts, Maritime conduits?
- 3.1. **Answer:** Yes, its applicable to everything because malice is the conduct that leads to evil-doing, wrongdoing, in any society whether that is Private, Public or Religious.
- 3.2. In Faith this carries a death sentence.
- 3.3. Remind Yourself of one of the definitions / translation of **Malfeasance**, i.e. Nature Turns all **Malfaisance** / **Malfeasance** to Good.
- 4. When a Captain of a Ship / Vessel conducts malice, the Ship's Doctor also known as the Cook, will remove the Captain from his post.
- 4.1. The position of the Doctor outranks the Captain on health and mental fitness, that is to say **Fit-for-Purpose**.
- 4.2. When an Able-bodied Seaman witnesses the Captain conducting **Malfeasance**, it is the **duty** of the Able-bodied Seaman to overcome the Captains' misconduct, not be mistaken with **Mutiny**.

- 4.3. **Mutiny** is when a sub-ordinate tries to overthrow their superior, but when you are the Creditor, you are **never** a sub-ordinate.
- 4.4. In other words, the Able-bodied Seaman is there to aid the Captain's well-being, state of mental well-being and health.
- 4.5. This is also applicable to the Doctor / Cook of the Ship / Vessel.
- 4.6. The Able-bodied Seaman, the Doctor / Cook have a position of **fail-safes**, commonly called trusts to the Captain and the Vessel.
- 4.7. In Maritime law, the **Vessel** is the most important and that is why the fail-safes are in place, so the Ship / Vessel does not become a peril to other Ships / Vessels.
- 4.8. This is why **Malfeasance**, **Nonfeasance** and **Misfeasance** have very clear explanations, and carries life imprisonment.
- 4.9. Reread the above sentence 3x.
- 5. **Misfeasance Courtesy of Wikipedia.com:** the wilful inappropriate action or intentional incorrect action or advice.
- 5.1. **Misfeasance Courtesy of Legalmatch.com:** in law refers to the improper performance of an act that a person may lawfully do, resulting in harm or damage; It involves legal action, but it's done inappropriately, unlawfully, or negligently, leading to someone else's detriment or injury; It's not about committing an act that is outright illegal; instead, it is the incorrect or improper performance of a lawful act.
- 5.2. **Nonfeasance Courtesy of Wikipedia.com:** the failure to act where action is required, wilfully or in neglect, **Nonfeasance** is similar to omission.
- 5.3. **Trust Courtesy of kielitoimistonsanakirja.fi:** a monopoly-like association of companies in the same field under the control of a small group.
- 6. Maxim: Fundamental Principle or Rule of Conduct.
- 6.1. As a basic Fundamental Principal, on the Level-Plane, Men and Women are not governed by Acts, Statutes or any Theatres of Production.
- 6.2. We are responsible for our Own Conduct, which does not have to be defined by law, but we know it to be **honourable**, for example, thou shalt not lie, thou shalt not cause harm, thou shalt not commit adultery, etc.
- 6.3. A **Maxim** of the Private and of Men and Women, is that he who creates the problem must solve it.
- 6.4. This is why we have fail-safes to solve a problem.
- 7. **Question:** What is a fail-safe?
- 7.1. Answer: Courtesy of Collinsdictionary.com:
- 7.2. **Adjective:** designed to return to a safe condition in the event of a failure or malfunction; of a nuclear weapon, capable of being deactivated in the event of a failure or accident; unlikely to fail; foolproof.
- 7.3. Verb: intransitive, to return to a safe condition in the event of a failure or malfunction.
- 7.4. **Example:** When people cannibalise on others, Nature has a fail-safe where the cannibals will contract the disease called Kuru which results in transmissible spongiform encephalopathy.
- 8. When the Judiciary Government and Corporations practise **Malfeasance** on You, they try to induce Kuru disease so You perish and they take Your credit.
- 8.1 **Question:** What is **Malfeasance** when it is perpetrated, inflicted, committed, executed, carried out, infringed on communication?
- 8.2. **Answer:** It is the corruption of Nature, God, Creator and carries forfeiture of life, ownership, etc.
- 8.3. The corruption of communication is the largest crime.

malfeasance (mæl'fizəns). Also 7 malefeazance, 8 malefeasance, 8-9 malfaisance, 9 malfesance. [a. AF. *malfaisance (cf. mod.F. malfaisance), f. OF. malfaisant: see next.]

1. Law. Evil-doing; spec. official misconduct

on the part of one in public employment.

1696 Lond. Gaz. No. 3242/4 Special Bars in Case, viz...

Slander,.. Mis feazance, Male-feazance [etc.]. 1765

BLACKSTONE Comm. I. 393 Statutes, which declare the benefice void, for some nonfeasance or neglect, or else some male-feasance or crime. 1827 HALLAM Const. Hist. (1876)

II. viii. 32 Thus corruption, breach of trust, and malfeasance in public affairs..came... under the cognizance of the star-chamber. 1839 J. Story Law Bailments 123 The same rule which is applied by the common law to cales of malfeasance, governs also cases of negligent execution of a gratuitous trust or agency. 1835 Spectator 8 Aug. 1041/3

The protection of Hastings, whom he had charge with various malfeasances. 1892 Times (weekly cd.). A Nov. 4/1 Various charges of malfeasance.

2. gen. Wrong-doing; an instance of this. rare. 1856 Emerson Eng. Traits xv. 260 A relimit eas inquisition

2. gen. Wrong-doing; an instance of this, rare, 1856 Emerson Eng. Traits xv 160 A related essinguisition, turns the glare of this solar microscope [the newspaper] on every malfaisance. 1860 — Cond. Life, Consid. Wks. (Bohn) II. 415 Nature turns all malfaisance to good.

malfeasant (mæl'fizznt), a. and sb. Also 9 malfaisant. [a. F. malfaisant, f. mal ill, MAL-, + faisant, pr. pple. of faire to do.] a. adj. Evildoing. b. sb. An evil-doer, a criminal.

1809 E. S. BARRETT Setting Sun I. 31 Christians (soldisant but mal-faisant followers of the mild doctrines of Christ).

1802 Mortey R. Cobden xxiv. (1902) 84/11 Malfeasants on board a British ship should not be seized but ... demanded from the Consul.

:mainy-camilla: Andersson.
:craig-mcpherson: Judge.
:christina-martin: Frazao.

:shiza: Harper. :tim: Turner. :willy: Jango.

:martina: Bathen. :liam-john: Costelloe.

roland-wilhelm: Bathen.

:sean-andrew-dudley: Harper.

Mark-kishon: :row bowless of the control of the con

:rodrigo-de souza: Ribeiro.
:bonnie-beatrice: Brooks.
:matthew-dean: Martin.
:roland: Sattler.
:mark: Nadolny.
:ioan: Onica.
:janine: Linehan.
:kari-tapio: Haavisto.
:gabrielle-mary: Bishop.